



1. - 10. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

1. (I) Parasitic plants are plants that survive by using food produced by host plants rather than by producing their own food from the Sun's energy. (II) They do not need sunlight to survive. (III) The world's heaviest flower is a parasite that flourishes among the roots of jungle vines. (IV) Therefore, they are generally found in shady areas rather than in areas exposed to direct sunlight. (V) Parasitic plants attach themselves to host plants, often to the stems or roots.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

2. (I) The origins of the game of chess are not known with certainty. (II) Traditional stories in a number of cultures claim credit for developing the game. (III) One legend claims that chess was invented during the Trojan Wars. (IV) It eventually spread from India to Persia, where it took on much of the terminology that today is part of the game. (V) According to another legend, chess was developed to depict the battle between two royal brothers for the crown of Persia.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

3. (I) In 1960, an American psychiatrist named William Dement published experiments dealing with the recording of eye movements during sleep. (II) It was said that people with personality disorders dreamt more than others. (III) He showed that the average individual's sleep cycle is punctuated with peculiar bursts of eye-movement. (IV) Some are drifting and slow, others are jerky and rapid. (V) People woken during these periods of eye-movement generally reported that they had been dreaming.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

4. (I) The human race's progress on the Earth has been due in part to the animals that people have been able to utilize throughout history. (II) Such animals carry people and their burdens. (III) They pull machinery and help cultivate fields. (IV) As pets they may amuse or console their owners. (V) However, domesticated animals are those that have been bred in captivity for many generations.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

5. (I) The Niagara Falls are voluminous waterfalls on the Niagara River. (II) They are composed of two major sections separated by Goat Island. (III) One is Horseshoe Falls, the majority of which lies on the Canadian side of the border. (IV) The falls are 27 km north-northwest of Buffalo, New York. (V) The other is American Falls on the American side.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

6. (I) The climate in the Andes varies greatly depending on location, altitude, and proximity to the sea. (II) Rainforests used to encircle much of the northern Andes but are now greatly diminished. (III) The southern section is rainy and cool though the central Andes are dry. (IV) The northern Andes are typically rainy and warm, with an average temperature of 18°C in Colombia. (V) The climate is also known to change drastically in rather short distances.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

7. (I) Sand dunes occur throughout the world, from coastal and lakeshore plains to arid desert regions. (II) In addition to their remarkable structure, they also provide habitats for a variety of beings. (III) Picturesque dunes against a sky of blue or a full moon have always been a favourite subject of photographers. (IV) The formation of sand dunes, thus, is very complex, but there are three essential prerequisites. (V) They have also been the subject of many desert movies, and have historically been a formidable barrier to vehicular and rail travel.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

8. (I) Canning is a method of preserving food over extended periods of time. (II) The process was first developed by Nicolas Appert. (III) Certain kinds of meats are also suitable for canning. (IV) It involves sealing food in containers and heating it in order to kill bacteria that could eventually cause spoilage. (V) Properly canned food can be saved for as long as three years.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

9. (I) Even moderate increases in atmospheric temperatures could alter precipitation levels, making some areas wetter and others drier. (II) Warmer temperatures could increase the frequency and strength of storm systems, leading to more powerful and destructive hurricanes and subsequent flooding. (III) They could also change the way clouds form and dissipate. (IV) Other greenhouse gases are created and emitted solely through human activities. (V) Warmer temperatures near the ground could cause lower clouds to evaporate, letting heat rise farther into the atmosphere.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

10. (I) Paramount Pictures is an American film production and distribution company. (II) It is located at 5555 Melrose Avenue in Hollywood, California. (III) Founded in 1912 and currently owned by media conglomerate Viacom, it is America's oldest existing film studio. (IV) It is also the last major film studio still headquartered in the Hollywood district of Los Angeles. (V) Thus, they were among the few which went bankrupt during the economic recession.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V



## IRRELEVANT SENTENCE

1. - 10. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

1. (I) Coffee is one of the most popular beverages in the world, enjoyed by millions every morning. (II) Legend has it that an Ethiopian goat herder first discovered its effects. (III) Most coffee beans are grown in the "Bean Belt," located between the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn. (IV) Tea, on the other hand, contains antioxidants that are beneficial for heart health. (V) Brazil remains the world's largest producer, accounting for about a third of all coffee.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

2. (I) The Renaissance represented an exceptionally fervent era of European history, characterized by a profound cultural, artistic, and socio-political resurgence that effectively bridged the Middle Ages and modernity. (II) Spanning the 14th to the 17th century, this transformative period was underpinned by a renewed commitment to humanism and the rediscovery of classical Greco-Roman philosophy. (III) It was during this intellectually fertile epoch that a multitude of pioneering polymaths, visionary authors, and master artists flourished, fundamentally altering the trajectory of Western civilization. (IV) Therefore, in the contemporary era, cutting-edge digital technology and high-resolution imaging have revolutionised the ways in which we archive and perceive historical masterpieces. (V) Icons such as Leonardo da Vinci and Michelangelo remain the quintessential personifications of this movement, embodying the "Universal Man" through their unparalleled contributions to both science and the arts.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

3. (I) Sleep constitutes an indispensable physiological necessity within our biological framework, yet a staggering proportion of the global population consistently fails to achieve the requisite duration of restorative rest. (II) For those suffering from chronic insomnia, other clinical interventions such as specialized cognitive behavioural therapy or targeted pharmacological treatments are often necessitated to restore a functional sleep-wake cycle. (III) Extensive research indicates that chronic sleep deprivation is not merely a temporary inconvenience but a severe catalyst for systemic health crises, including cardiovascular disease and compromised immune responses. (IV) To maintain optimal cognitive performance and emotional equilibrium, the vast majority of healthy adults require a strictly uninterrupted window of seven to nine hours of quality sleep per night. (V) Ultimately, neglecting this vital biological mandate not only diminishes daily productivity but also poses a formidable threat to long-term neurological health and overall longevity.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

4. (I) Penguins are flightless birds that have adapted to life in the water over millions of years of evolution. (II) Their wings have evolved into flippers, making them excellent swimmers in cold oceans and coastal waters. (III) Most species of penguins are found in the Southern Hemisphere, particularly in Antarctica where environmental conditions suit them well. (IV) Polar bears are only found in the Arctic regions of the North. (V) They spend about half of their lives on land and the other half in the sea while searching for food and shelter.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

5. (I) Global warming refers to the long-term heating of Earth's climate system observed since the pre-industrial period. (II) It is primarily driven by human activities, especially fossil fuel burning. (III) Scientists use climate models to predict how temperatures will change in the future. (IV) These activities increase heat-trapping greenhouse gas levels in Earth's atmosphere. (V) Consequently, glaciers are melting and sea levels are rising at an alarming rate.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

6. (I) Cognitive psychology explores how people perceive, think, remember, and learn, offering invaluable insights into educational practices. (II) One of the most significant findings in this field is the concept of "spaced repetition," which suggests that information is better retained when study sessions are spread out over time. (III) This method stands in stark contrast to "cramming," a common habit among students where they attempt to memorize vast amounts of data in a single night before an exam. (IV) Teachers are now being encouraged to integrate these psychological principles into their curricula to enhance student engagement and long-term memory. (V) Interestingly, the architecture of modern school buildings has been criticized for being too sterile and uninspiring for young children.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

7. (I) The human brain is arguably the most complex structure in the known universe, containing billions of neurons that form an intricate web of synapses. (II) These neural pathways are constantly being reshaped by our experiences, a phenomenon known as neuroplasticity, which allows for lifelong learning and adaptation. (III) Understanding these mechanisms is crucial for developing treatments for degenerative conditions like Alzheimer's or Parkinson's disease. (IV) Scientists often use advanced neuroimaging techniques, such as functional MRI, to observe brain activity in real-time during various cognitive tasks. (V) Historically, the development of the first microscope in the 17th century was the primary catalyst for early biological discoveries.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

8. (I) Learning a second language provides numerous cognitive benefits for the brain. (II) On the contrary, children usually learn new languages faster than adults, especially pronunciation. (III) It can improve memory, enhance multitasking abilities, and delay the onset of dementia. (IV) Bilingual individuals often have better problem-solving skills than those who speak only one language. (V) Moreover, it opens up a wider range of career opportunities in the global job market.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

9. (I) Rapid urbanization has become a defining characteristic of the 21st century, with more than half of the global population now residing in metropolitan areas. (II) This shift offers significant economic advantages, such as increased labour productivity, enhanced innovation through collaboration, and more efficient public infrastructure. (III) Agricultural subsidies in rural regions are frequently criticized by international trade organizations for distorting market prices. (IV) However, the speed of this transition often outpaces the ability of local governments to provide adequate housing and essential services. (V) As a result, many rapidly growing cities face serious challenges such as overcrowding, rising housing costs, and inadequate access to healthcare and transportation.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

10. (I) Artificial Intelligence (AI) is transforming the way businesses operate across various industries. (II) In healthcare, AI algorithms help doctors diagnose diseases with higher accuracy. (III) For example, the first computers were massive machines that filled entire rooms. (IV) In finance, it is used to detect fraudulent transactions and manage risks. (V) As the technology evolves, it is expected to create even more efficient automated systems.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V